Challenge Forensic



Journées FedeRez 2011

Thomas DUBOUCHER thomas@duboucher.eu

19 Mars 2011

▲□▶▲@▶▲≧▶▲≧▶

Obtenir l'archive

L'image est disponible sur

http://journees.federez.net/media/forensic.enc

root@0:~# md5sum forensic.enc
4db8cbac0c0850379d9f6c2f0ade7108 forensic.enc

(□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (

Obtenir l'archive

L'image est disponible sur

http://journees.federez.net/media/forensic.enc

root@0:~# md5sum forensic.enc
4db8cbac0c0850379d9f6c2f0ade7108 forensic.enc

En cas de soucis

- si vous n'arrivez pas à accéder au réseau Wi-fi, l'image peut être transférée sur clef USB;
- si vous n'arrivez pas à commencer, c'est que l'image est chiffrée, la clef sera donnée après.

▲□▶

Objectifs

Votre « *expertise* » est mise à contribution au cours d'une enquête

Un employé est soupçonné d'avoir transmis à plusieurs reprises des informations confidentielles à un concurrent via internet. Cependant, l'enquête n'a pas encore permis de montrer comment. Une clef USB avait été saisie lors de la perquisition de son bureau et

écartée par les enquêteurs car elle n'était pas « lisible sous Windows ».

Votre objectif est d'analyser le contenu de cette clef

Quatre *flags* sous la forme FLG[1-4][0-9a-f]{8} sont présent sur cette clef pour marquer votre avance dans l'analyse.

▲□▶▲@▶▲≧▶▲≧▶

Ouvrir l'archive

Pour déchiffrer

1 root@0:~# openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -in forensic.enc -out forensic.img
enter aes-256-cbc decryption password:

• □ ▶ • □ ▶ • 三 ▶ • 三 ▶

Ouvrir l'archive

Pour déchiffrer

1 root@0:~# openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -in forensic.enc -out forensic.img
enter aes-256-cbc decryption password:

La clef

Yfbc1plF

• □ ▶ • □ ▶ • 三 ▶ • 三 ▶

Ouvrir l'archive

Pour déchiffrer

```
1 root@0:~# openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -in forensic.enc -out forensic.img
enter aes-256-cbc decryption password:
```

La clef

Yfbc1plF

En cas de soucis

 si vous n'arrivez pas à déchiffrer l'image, vous pouvez demander à votre voisin. Partie 0

Bon jeu! =)

Challenge Forensic



Journées FedeRez 2011 Thomas Duboucher

thomas@duboucher.eu

18 mars 2011

Explications

- L'image a été comprimée à l'aide de gzip...
- et était en fait une tarball.
- On obtient à la fin l'image de la clef USB.

```
1 root@0:~# file forensic.img
forensic.img: gzip compressed data, from Unix
```

Explications

- L'image a été comprimée à l'aide de gzip...
- et était en fait une tarball.
- On obtient à la fin l'image de la clef USB.

```
1 root@0:~# file forensic.img
forensic.img: gzip compressed data, from Unix
root@0:~# mv forensic.img forensic.gz && gzip -d forensic.gz
```

Explications

- L'image a été comprimée à l'aide de gzip...
- et était en fait une tarball.
- On obtient à la fin l'image de la clef USB.

```
1 root@0:~# file forensic.img
forensic.img: gzip compressed data, from Unix
root@0.~# mv forensic.img forensic.gz && gzip -d forensic.gz
root@0:~# file forensic
5 forensic: POSIX tar archive (GNU)
```

Explications

- L'image a été comprimée à l'aide de gzip...
- et était en fait une tarball.
- On obtient à la fin l'image de la clef USB.

```
1 root@0:~# file forensic.img
forensic.img: gzip compressed data, from Unix
root@0:~# w forensic.img forensic.gz && gzip -d forensic.gz
root@0:~# file forensic
5 forensic: POSIX tar archive (GNU)
root@0:~# tar xvf forensic
usb.img
```

Première analyse

Explications

- file montre la présence d'un secteur d'amorçage.
- parted confirme l'absence de la première partition.
- La seconde partition n'est pas identifiée par parted

Première analyse

Explications

- file montre la présence d'un secteur d'amorçage.
- parted confirme l'absence de la première partition.
- La seconde partition n'est pas identifiée par parted

```
1 root@0:~# parted usb.img print
Model: (file)
Disk usb.img: 268MB
Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B
5 Partition Table: msdos
Number Start End Size Type File system Flags
2 198MB 268MB 70.3MB primary
```

Analyse du MBR

Explications

- L'analyse du premier secteur montre la présence d'un bootloader.
- La première partition a été proprement supprimée de la table.
- L'indicateur d'amorçage 55 AA est présent.

```
1 root@0:~# dd if=usb.img of=/dev/stdout bs=512 count=1 |hexdump -C
1+0 records in
1+0 records out
512 bytes (512 B) copied, 0.000153162 s, 3.3 MB/s
```

Analyse du MBR

Explications

- L'analyse du premier secteur montre la présence d'un bootloader.
- La première partition a été proprement supprimée de la table.
- L'indicateur d'amorçage 55 AA est présent.

Console

00000000 1.1...W.. fa 31 c0 8e d8 8e d0 bc 00 7c 89 e6 06 57 8e c0 00000010 fb fc bf 00 06 b9 00 01 f3 a5 ea 1f 06 0.0 00 52 I.....RI 00000020 52 b4 41 bb aa 55 31 c9 IR.A. U1.0...r. | 30 f6 f9 cd 13 72 13 81 I.U.y., s.f., ... BI 0000030 fb 55 aa 75 0d d1 e9 73 09 66 c7 06 8d 06 b4 42 5 00000040 eb 15 5a b4 08 cd 13 83 e1 3f 51 0f b6 c6 40 f7 |..Z....?Q...@.| |.RPf1.f..f..!.Mil 00000050 e1 52 50 66 31 c0 66 99 e8 66 00 e8 21 01 4d 69 73 73 69 6e 67 20 6f 70 lssing operating 00000060 65 72 61 74 69 6e 67 20 00000070 73 79 73 74 65 6d 2e 0d 0a 66 60 66 31 d2 bb 00 lsvstem...f f1...|

Analyse du MBR

Explications

- L'analyse du premier secteur montre la présence d'un bootloader.
- La première partition a été proprement supprimée de la table.
- L'indicateur d'amorçage 55 AA est présent.

Console

00000180 10 3c 0a 75 f1 cd>b....<.u.. ac h4 8a 36 62 04 h3 07 cd 00000190 18 f4 eb fd 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 00 00 00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 000001a0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.0 000001b0 00 00 00 0.0 0.0 0.0 00 0.0 0h a2 05 0.0 00 0.0 0.0 0.0 5 000001c0 00 00 00 0.0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 18 000001d0 01 18 83 a2 02 20 0.0 e8 05 0.0 0.0 18 02 0.0 0.0 0.0 000001e0 00 00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 000001f0 00 00 0.0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.0 0.0 00 00 55 aa

▲□▶

Analyse de l'image

Explications

- Une analyse avec strings nous permet de retrouver des traces...
- mais aussi les chaînes lost+found, extlinux et finnix.
- Le premier *flag* est là!

```
1 root@0:~# strings -tx usb.img |head -n 20
51 RPf1
5e Missing operating system.
79 f f1
5 80 |fRFP
dc Ht[y9Y[
11d Multiple active partitions.
161 Operating system load error.
```

▲□▶▲@▶▲≧▶▲≧▶

Analyse de l'image

Explications

- Une analyse avec strings nous permet de retrouver des traces...
- mais aussi les chaînes lost+found, extlinux et finnix.
- Le premier flag est là!

```
1 100132 +fRfP
10015b 2}+f f
1001cc Boot error
100469 &eH><B
5 180020 lost+found
180034 extlinux
180044 finnix
180054 FLG1e98300fc
```

Récupération de la partition #1

Explications

- Il est possible de reconstruire la partition avec parted.
- Utiliser un disque d'une machine virtuelle est une solution pratique.
- Un outil plus avancé comme testdisk apporte beaucoup plus d'informations.

Console

1 root@0:~# cat usb.img >/dev/sdX

Récupération de la partition #1

Explications

- Il est possible de reconstruire la partition avec parted.
- Utiliser un disque d'une machine virtuelle est une solution pratique.
- Un outil plus avancé comme testdisk apporte beaucoup plus d'informations.

```
1 root@0:~# cat usb.img >/dev/sdX
root@0.~# parted /dev/sdX mkpart primary 1 198M
Information: You may need to update /etc/fstab.
root@0:~# parted /dev/sdX set 1 boot on
5 Information: You may need to update /etc/fstab.
```

10 sur 15

Partie 2

▲
 →
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 >
 4
 2
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4
 4

Démarrons cette clef!

Torensic [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox	
Machine Devices Help	
Finnix.	
Finnix 101 (Build 2473)	
Finnix	
finnix (recovery mode) Boot hard drive	
Other options	
Press ENTER to boot or TAB to edit a menu entry	
Finnix is copyright © Ryan Finnie. http://www.finnix.org Press F1 for help, more information and legal notices.	

Démarrons cette clef!

To Forensic [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
Machine Devices Help
Finnix.
Finnix version 101 http://www.finnix.org/ Copyright (C) 1999-2000, 2005-2010 Ryan Finnie http://www.finnie.org/ Compiled: Tue Dec 21 00:22:15 PST 2010 (Build 2473) http://www.finnie.org/
The Finnix compilation is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version. Finnix is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTBILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURFOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.
Based on Debian GNU/Linux, (C) SPI. Portions based on Knoppix, (C) Klaus Knopper. All other installed software within the compilation are bound by their respective licenses. Source/patches for any software not managed by Debian/apt are available at the Finmix website.
Finnix is a registered trademark of Ryan Finnie.
Press F2 for boot options (cheat codes). Press F4 for an interesting piece of information. Press ESC to return to the main menu.
Finnix is copyright © Ryan Finnie. http://www.finnix.org/ Press F1 for help, more information and legal notices.

Démarrons cette clef!

📷 Forensic [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox	
Machine Devices Help	
Finnix.	
Finnix version 101 http://www.fin Copyright (C) 1999-2000, 2005-2010 Byan Finnie Compiled: Tue Dec 21 00:22:15 PST 2010 Guild 2473)	nix.org/ nie.org/
FLG24cb4c5c3	
The default password for the encrypted partition is 'unlockme'.	
Press ESC to return to the main menu.	
Finnix is copyright © Ryan Finnie. http://www.finnix.org/ Press F1 for help, more information and legal notices.	

▲□▶▲□▶▲ 글▶ ▲ 글▶

Et ouvrons cette partition!

To Forensic [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox	- • ×
Alcone to Timbel (a) deal memory 2000D: shared randink: 1220D (b) deal memory 2000D: shared randink: 1220D (c) memory times there 1.2, 6, 5, -2, -2, -6, -1, timbe on 1666 (c) Processor Intel Core 2, 7, 2000 Lobble There paralyses for advectada; (c) Discussion table operations empty table (c) Discussion table operations empty table (c) Discussion table operations empty table (c) Discussion table operations in the core table of the relations (c) Timbel H = relations; (c) Sign Schwarz, 1120 compresent	
<pre>rootitig1:= i loadkegs fr p loading ::rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rrp:rhearts/loading:rhearts/loa</pre>	

Analyse de la partition chifrée

Explications

- Maintenant nous avons même accès à la seconde partition.
- Des fichiers, des fichiers, et des paquets...
- Regardons ça de plus près...

```
1 root@0:/media# mount /dev/mapper/crypt-sda2 /media/sda2/
root@0:/media# cd /media/sda2/
root@0:/media/sda2# ls
data lost+found vpn
5 root@0:/media/sda2# cd vpn/
root@0:/media/sda2/vpn# ls
FLG3179ed03e openvpn-blacklist_0.4_all.deb
openssl-blacklist_0.5-2_all.deb openvpn_2.1.3-2_i386.deb
```

Analyse de la partition chifrée

Explications

- Maintenant nous avons même accès à la seconde partition.
- Des fichiers, des fichiers, et des paquets...
- Regardons ça de plus près...

```
1 root@0:/media/sda2# cd vpn/
root@0:/media/sda2/vpn# ls
FLG3179ed03e openvpn-blacklist_0.4_all.deb
openssl-blacklist_0.5-2_all.deb openvpn_2.1.3-2_i386.deb
5 root@0:/media/sda2/vpn# md5sum *.deb
c633e29fdb1ad514c4d7cced506229b1 openssl-blacklist_0.5-2_all.deb
e51886662dee74f31faae0bffb795892 openvpn-blacklist_0.4_all.deb
5c8c53eb10c4cb7446c824e4372b111c openvpn_2.1.3-2_i386.deb
```

Partie 4

▲□▶▲@▶▲≧▶▲≧▶

Wut!?

momentiou vous cirquez sur le lien.

Plus d'informations sur openvpn_2.1.3-2_i386.deb :

Taille exacte	431168 octet (421,1 kByte)
Somme MD5	f84d9b2ee95f668fe3fbf74becc42059
Somme SHA1	61a611ba9361fcf2f7c62c3fd21cd9e662d02d2f
Somme SHA256	b363105abc2fc5f55b4a6ae11215fdec2f7635789b28e04404a80c6e013cb799

Cette nade est uniquement disponible dans les lanques suivantes (Comment configurer la lanque par défaut du document) :

(□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (

Analyse du paquet modifié

Explications

- Regardons en détails ce paquet.
- Quelques fichiers sont de trop.
- Et voila notre dernier flag.

```
1 root@0:/media/sda2/vpn# ar x openvpn_2.1.3-2_i386.deb
root@0:/media/sda2/vpn# tar xzvf data.tar.gz
...
./etc/init.d/openvpn
5 ./etc/openvpn/mp.conf
./etc/openvpn/update-resolv-conf
./etc/openvpn/FLG40475d41b
```

(□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (□) (

Analyse du paquet modifié

Explications

- Regardons en détails ce paquet.
- Quelques fichiers sont de trop.
- Et voila notre dernier flag.

./etc/openvpn/vpn.conf

```
1 remote 160.228.159.254 9000
proto udp
dev tun0
ifconfig 192.168.254.2 192.168.254.1
5 cipher BF-CBC
comp-lzo
secret /etc/openvpn/FLG40475d41b
```

Questions

